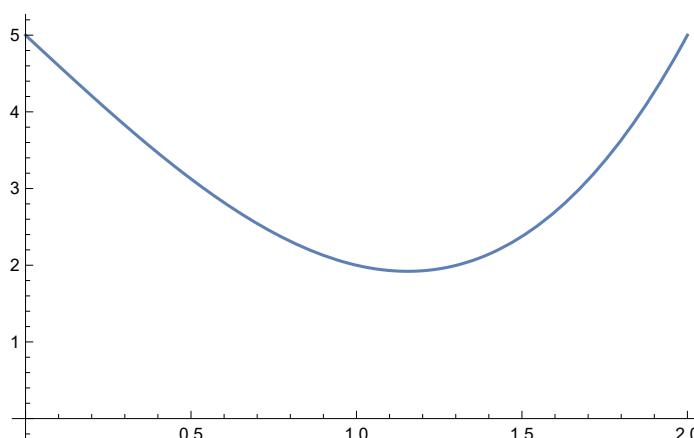


# Vježbe 4. Klasične metode optimizacije

## Newtonova metoda minimizacije ( $n=1$ )

Primjer I.

```
f[x_] := x^3 - 4 x + 5
s1f = Plot[f[x], {x, 0, 2}, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}]
```



```
x0 = 2;
eps = 0.0005;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0]];
While[Abs[f'[x0]] > eps,
  k++;
  x0 = x0 - f'[x0] / f''[x0];
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0]];
]
```

k=0	xk= 2	f(xk)=5	f'(xk)=8
k=1	xk= $\frac{4}{3}$	f(xk)= $\frac{55}{27}$	f'(xk)= $\frac{4}{3}$
k=2	xk= $\frac{7}{6}$	f(xk)= $\frac{415}{216}$	f'(xk)= $\frac{1}{12}$
k=3	xk= $\frac{97}{84}$	f(xk)= $\frac{1138465}{592704}$	f'(xk)= $\frac{1}{2352}$

```

FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 1}]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x] // N
{1.9208, {x → 1.1547}}
{ {x → -1.1547}, {x → 1.1547} }

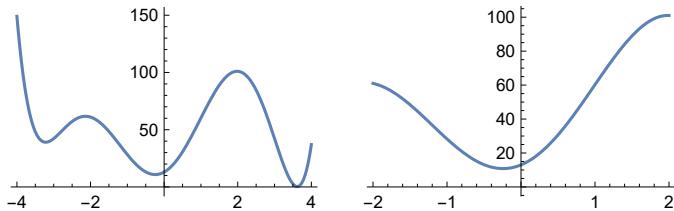
```

## Primjer 2.

```

q[x_] := x^3 / 2 - 6 x + 2; u0 = 3; v0 = 4;
f[x_] := (x - u0)^2 + (q[x] - v0)^2
s1f1 = Plot[f[x], {x, -4, 4}];
s1f2 = Plot[f[x], {x, -2, 2}];
GraphicsGrid[{{s1f1, s1f2}}]

```



```

x0 = .5;
eps = 0.005;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0]];
While[Abs[f'[x0]] > eps,
  k++;
  x0 = x0 - f'[x0] / f''[x0];
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0]];
]
k=0    xk= 0.5    f(xk)=30.6289    f'(xk)=50.5469
k=1    xk= -0.501548    f(xk)=13.1561    f'(xk)=-17.6435
k=2    xk= -0.218716    f(xk)=10.8403    f'(xk)=1.77837
k=3    xk= -0.243011    f(xk)=10.8186    f'(xk)=0.00599434
k=4    xk= -0.243094    f(xk)=10.8186    f'(xk)=7.67311 × 10^-8

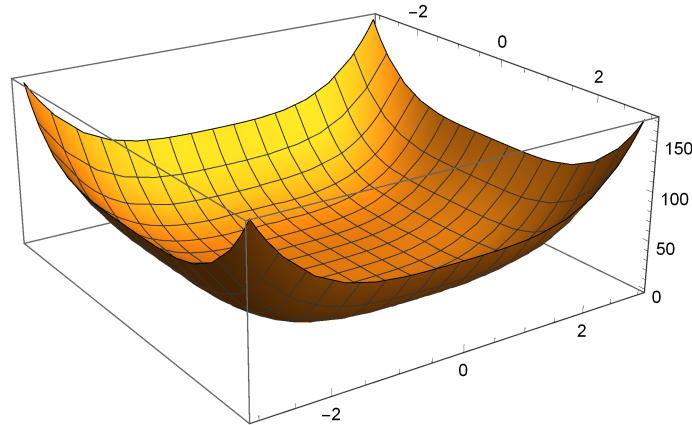
FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 0}]
{10.8186, {x → -0.243094}}

```

## Newtonova metoda minimizacije (n=2)

### Primjer I.

```
F[x_, y_] := x^4 + y^4 + y^2;
Plot3D[F[x, y], {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, PlotRange -> All]
```



```
gradF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}]
hessianF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}, 2}]
```

$$\{4x^3, 2y + 4y^3\}$$

$$\{\{12x^2, 0\}, \{0, 2 + 12y^2\}\}$$

(\*pokusati s razlicitim izborima pocetnih aproksimacija\*)

```
x0 = 0.5; y0 = -0.5; (*ili x0=1/2; y0=-1/2;*)
x0 = 1/2; y0 = -1/2;
eps = 0.05;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}, -gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}];
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=",
F[x0, y0], "    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0},
"    hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}],
"    ||grad(F)(ak)||=", Norm[gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s]
]
```

$$\begin{aligned}
k=0 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{3}{8} \quad \text{grad}(F)(ak) = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak) = \\
&\left( \begin{array}{cc} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{array} \right) \quad ||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| = \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} \quad s(k-1) = \{-0.0740741, 0.025738\} \\
k=1 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{5} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{2731}{50625} \quad \text{grad}(F)(ak) = \left\{ \frac{4}{27}, -\frac{54}{125} \right\} \\
&\text{hess}(F)(ak) = \left( \begin{array}{cc} \frac{4}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{62}{25} \end{array} \right) \quad ||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| = \frac{2\sqrt{593941}}{3375} \quad s(k-1) = \left\{ -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{10} \right\} \\
k=2 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{2}{9}, -\frac{4}{155} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{11758938016}{3787013300625} \\
&\text{grad}(F)(ak) = \left\{ \frac{32}{729}, -\frac{192456}{3723875} \right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak) = \left( \begin{array}{cc} \frac{16}{27} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{48242}{24025} \end{array} \right) \\
&||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| = \frac{8\sqrt{529441685477809}}{2714704875} \quad s(k-1) = \left\{ -\frac{1}{9}, \frac{27}{155} \right\} \\
k=3 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{4}{27}, -\frac{256}{3738755} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{50020982707501965554783047936}{103839618526106572437596679650625} \\
&\text{grad}(F)(ak) = \left\{ \frac{256}{19683}, -\frac{7156884009521664}{52261397703350718875} \right\} \\
&\text{hess}(F)(ak) = \left( \begin{array}{cc} \frac{64}{243} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{27956578686482}{13978288950025} \end{array} \right) \quad ||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| = \\
&\frac{256\sqrt{2731556486241092457897874405920907373629}}{1028661090995052199616625} \quad s(k-1) = \left\{ -\frac{2}{27}, \frac{96228}{3738755} \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

**NMinimize[F[x, y], {x, y}]**

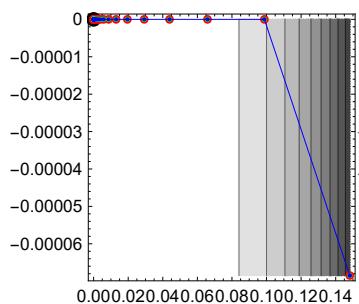
$$\{1.07058 \times 10^{-31}, \{x \rightarrow -1.80886 \times 10^{-8}, y \rightarrow 0.\}\}$$

**<< Optimization`UnconstrainedProblems`**

**FindMinimumPlot[F[x, y], {{x, x0}, {y, y0}}, Method → Newton]**

$$\left\{ \{8.25874 \times 10^{-31}, \{x \rightarrow 3.01459 \times 10^{-8}, y \rightarrow -3.693028148721343 \times 10^{-601}\}\}, \right.$$

{Steps → 38, Function → 39, Gradient → 39},



```

x0 = 1 / 2; y0 = -1 / 2;
eps = 0.05;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}];
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=",
F[x0, y0], "    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0},
"    hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}],
"    ||grad(F)(ak)||=", Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s]
]

k=0    ak= {1/2, -1/2}    F(ak)=3/8    grad(F)(ak)={1/2, -3/2}
hess(F)(ak)= (3 0 )    ||grad(F)(ak)||= √(5/2)    s(k-1)= {-2/27, 96228/3738755}

k=1    ak= {1/3, -1/5}    F(ak)=2731/50625    grad(F)(ak)={4/27, -54/125}
hess(F)(ak)= (4/3 0 )    ||grad(F)(ak)||= 2 √(593941)/3375    s(k-1)= {-1/6, 3/10}

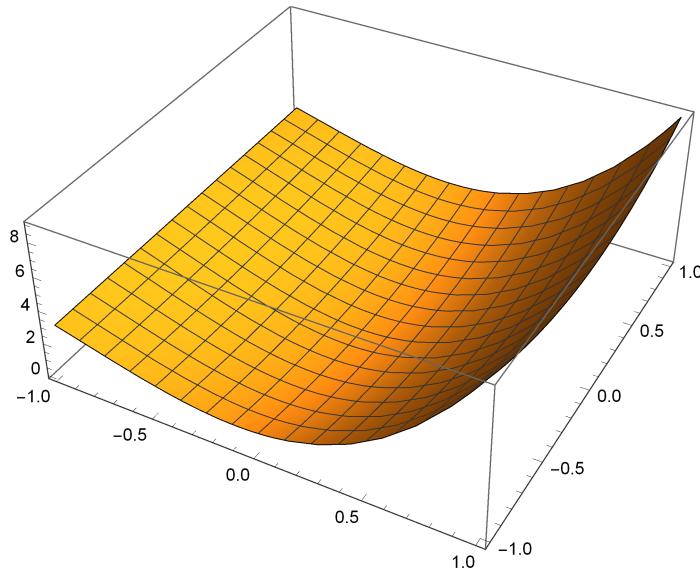
k=2    ak= {2/9, -4/155}    F(ak)=11758938016/3787013300625
grad(F)(ak)={32/729, -192456/3723875}    hess(F)(ak)= (16/27 0 )
                                         0   48242/24025
||grad(F)(ak)||= 8 √(529441685477809)/2714704875    s(k-1)= {-1/9, 27/155}

k=3    ak= {4/27, -256/3738755}    F(ak)=50020982707501965554783047936/103839618526106572437596679650625
grad(F)(ak)={256/19683, -7156884009521664/52261397703350718875}
hess(F)(ak)= (64/243 0 )
               0   27956578686482/13978288950025
||grad(F)(ak)||= 256 √(2731556486241092457897874405920907373629)/1028661090995052199616625    s(k-1)= {-2/27, 96228/3738755}

```

## Primjer 2.

```
F[x_, y_] := 2 x^3 + x y^2 + 5 x^2 + y^2;
Plot3D[F[x, y], {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}]
```



```
gradF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}]
hessianF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}, 2}]
```

$$\{10x + 6x^2 + y^2, 2y + 2xy\}$$

$$\{\{10 + 12x, 2y\}, \{2y, 2 + 2x\}\}$$

```
x0 = 1.; y0 = 1;
eps = 0.0005;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=",
F[x0, y0], "    grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0},
"    hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}]];
While[Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}];
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=",
F[x0, y0], "    grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0},
"    hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}]];
]
```

```

k=0    ak= {1., 1}    F(ak)=9.    grad(F)(ak)={-17., -4.}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 22. & 2 \\ 2 & 4. \end{pmatrix}$ 
k=1    ak= {0.285714, 0.357143}    F(ak)=0.618805    grad(F)(ak)=
{-3.47449, -0.918367}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 13.4286 & 0.714286 \\ 0.714286 & 2.57143 \end{pmatrix}$ 
k=2    ak= {0.0423772, 0.0675936}    F(ak)=0.0138939    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.439116, -0.140916}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 10.5085 & 0.135187 \\ 0.135187 & 2.08475 \end{pmatrix}$ 
k=3    ak= {0.00142597, 0.00265551}    F(ak)=0.0000172346    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.014279, -0.0053186}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 10.0171 & 0.00531102 \\ 0.00531102 & 2.00285 \end{pmatrix}$ 
k=4    ak= {1.91992 × 10-6, 3.77621 × 10-6}    F(ak)=3.26903 × 10-11    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.0000191993, -7.55243 × 10-6}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 10. & 7.55241 \times 10^{-6} \\ 7.55241 \times 10^{-6} & 2. \end{pmatrix}$ 

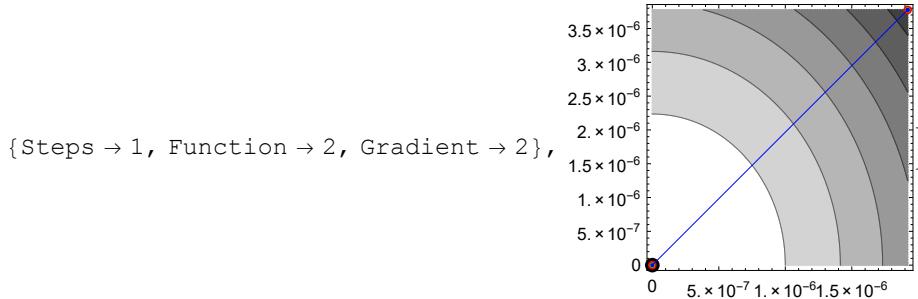
NMinimize[F[x, y], {x, y}]
{1.21132 × 10-44, {x → 3.69234 × 10-23, y → 7.27774 × 10-23}}

```

```

<< Optimization`UnconstrainedProblems`
FindMinimumPlot[F[x, y], {{x, x0}, {y, y0}}, Method → Newton]
{1.18724 × 10-22, {x → 3.63763 × 10-12, y → 7.25001 × 10-12}},
{Steps → 1, Function → 2, Gradient → 2},

```

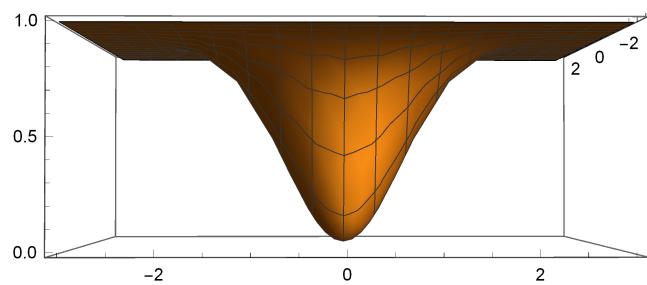


### Primjer 3.

```

F[x_, y_] := -Exp[-(x)^2 - (y)^2] + 1
Plot3D[F[x, y], {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, PlotRange → All]

```



```
gradF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}]
hessianF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}, 2]
```

$$\{2 e^{-x^2-y^2} x, 2 e^{-x^2-y^2} y\}$$

$$\{\{2 e^{-x^2-y^2}-4 e^{-x^2-y^2} x^2, -4 e^{-x^2-y^2} x y\}, \{-4 e^{-x^2-y^2} x y, 2 e^{-x^2-y^2}-4 e^{-x^2-y^2} y^2\}\}$$

(\*pokusati s razlicitim izborima pocetnih aproksimacija\*)

```
x0 = 2; y0 = -2;
eps = 0.0005;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, " ak= ", {x0, y0}, " F(ak)=",
F[x0, y0], " grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0},
" hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}]]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}] > eps,
    k++;
    s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}];
    {x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + s;
    Print["k=", k, " ak= ", {x0, y0}, " F(ak)=",
F[x0, y0], " grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0},
" hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}]]
]
```

$$k=0 \quad ak= \{2, -2\} \quad F(ak)=1 - \frac{1}{e^8} \quad \text{grad}(F)(ak)=\left\{-\frac{4}{e^8}, \frac{4}{e^8}\right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak)=\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{14}{e^8} & \frac{16}{e^8} \\ \frac{16}{e^8} & -\frac{14}{e^8} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$k=1 \quad ak= \left\{\frac{32}{15}, -\frac{32}{15}\right\} \quad F(ak)=1 - \frac{1}{e^{2048/225}} \quad \text{grad}(F)(ak)=$$

$$\left\{-\frac{64}{15 e^{2048/225}}, \frac{64}{15 e^{2048/225}}\right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak)=\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{3646}{225 e^{2048/225}} & \frac{4096}{225 e^{2048/225}} \\ \frac{4096}{225 e^{2048/225}} & -\frac{3646}{225 e^{2048/225}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$k=2 \quad ak= \left\{\frac{131072}{58065}, -\frac{131072}{58065}\right\} \quad F(ak)=1 - \frac{1}{e^{34359738368/3371544225}}$$

$$\text{grad}(F)(ak)=\left\{-\frac{262144}{58065 e^{34359738368/3371544225}}, \frac{262144}{58065 e^{34359738368/3371544225}}\right\}$$

$$\text{hess}(F)(ak)=\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{61976388286}{3371544225 e^{34359738368/3371544225}} & \frac{68719476736}{3371544225 e^{34359738368/3371544225}} \\ \frac{68719476736}{3371544225 e^{34359738368/3371544225}} & -\frac{61976388286}{3371544225 e^{34359738368/3371544225}} \end{pmatrix}$$

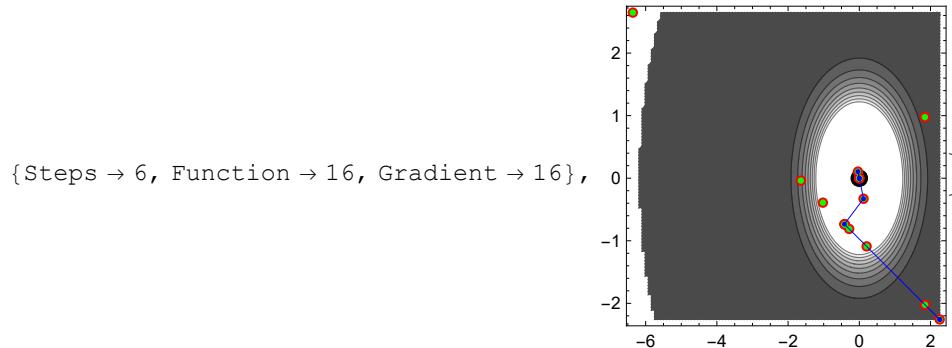
**NMinimize[F[x, y], {x, y}]**

$$\{0., \{x \rightarrow -8.27181 \times 10^{-25}, y \rightarrow 0.\}\}$$

**<< Optimization`UnconstrainedProblems`**

```
FindMinimumPlot[F[x, y], {{x, x0}, {y, y0}}, Method → Newton]
```

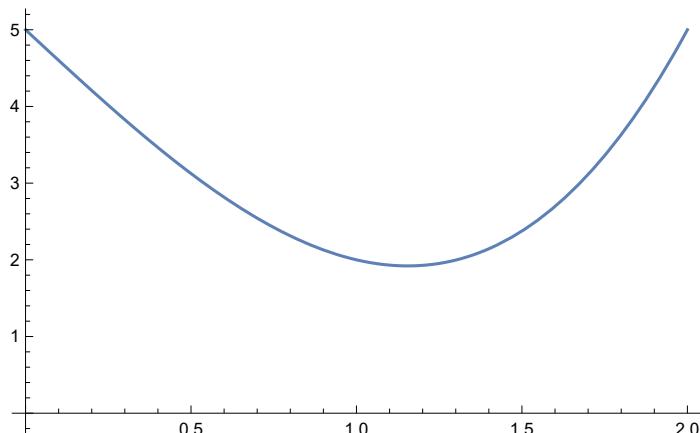
```
{ {0., {x → 8.60268 × 10-23, y → -2.31611 × 10-22} } ,
```



## Newtonova metoda s izborom duljine koraka (n=1)

Primjer I.

```
f[x_] := x^3 - 4 x + 5
s1f = Plot[f[x], {x, 0, 2}, AxesOrigin → {0, 0}]
```



```

x0 = 0.5;
eps = 0.0005;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=",
      f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0], "    f''(xk)=", f''[x0]];
While[Abs[f'[x0]] > eps,
  k++;
  s = -f'[x0] / f''[x0];
  lam = 1;
  Print[f[x0 + lam*s] - f[x0], " ? ", tau*lam*f'[x0]*s];
  While[f[x0 + lam*s] - f[x0] ≥ tau*lam*f'[x0]*s, lam = lam*nu];
  Print[f[x0 + lam*s] - f[x0], " ? ", tau*lam*f'[x0]*s];
  x0 = x0 + lam*s;
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0],
        "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0], "    f''(xk)=", f''[x0], "    lambda=", lam];
]
k=0    xk= 0.5    f(xk)=3.125    f'(xk)=-3.25    f''(xk)=3.
-0.489005 ? -0.880208
-1.16139 ? -0.440104
k=1    xk= 1.04167    f(xk)=1.96361    f'(xk)=-0.744792    f''(xk)=6.25    lambda=0.5
-0.0426849 ? -0.0221886
k=2    xk= 1.16083    f(xk)=1.92093    f'(xk)=0.0426021    f''(xk)=6.965    lambda=1
-0.000130519 ? -0.0000651449
k=3    xk= 1.15472    f(xk)=1.9208    f'(xk)=0.000112238    f''(xk)=6.9283    lambda=1
FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 1}]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x] // N
{1.9208, {x → 1.1547}}
{ {x → -1.1547}, {x → 1.1547} }

```

```

x0 = 1 / 2;
eps = 0.0005;
tau = 1 / 4; nu = 1 / 2; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=",
      f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0], "    f''(xk)=", f''[x0]];
While[Abs[f'[x0]] > eps,
  k++;
  s = -f'[x0] / f''[x0];
  lam = 1;
  Print[f[x0 + lam*s] - f[x0], " ? ", tau*lam*f'[x0]*s];
  While[f[x0 + lam*s] - f[x0] ≥ tau*lam*f'[x0]*s, lam = lam*nu];
  Print[f[x0 + lam*s] - f[x0], " ? ", tau*lam*f'[x0]*s];
  x0 = x0 + lam*s;
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0],
        "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0], "    f''(xk)=", f''[x0], "    lambda=", lam];
]

```

$k=0 \quad xk= \frac{1}{2} \quad f(xk) = \frac{25}{8} \quad f'(xk) = -\frac{13}{4} \quad f''(xk) = 3$   
 $- \frac{845}{1728} \quad ? \quad - \frac{169}{192}$   
 $- \frac{16055}{13824} \quad ? \quad - \frac{169}{384}$   
 $k=1 \quad xk= \frac{25}{24} \quad f(xk) = \frac{27145}{13824} \quad f'(xk) = -\frac{143}{192} \quad f''(xk) = \frac{25}{4} \quad \text{lambda} = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $- \frac{73759543}{1728000000} \quad ? \quad - \frac{20449}{921600}$   
 $k=2 \quad xk= \frac{1393}{1200} \quad f(xk) = \frac{3319365457}{1728000000} \quad f'(xk) = \frac{20449}{480000} \quad f''(xk) = \frac{1393}{200} \quad \text{lambda} = 1$   
 $- \frac{4877078549571943}{37366900397568000000} \quad ? \quad - \frac{418161601}{6418944000000}$   
 $k=3 \quad xk= \frac{3860449}{3343200} \quad f(xk) = \frac{71774288670783058849}{37366900397568000000}$   
 $f'(xk) = \frac{418161601}{3725662080000} \quad f''(xk) = \frac{3860449}{557200} \quad \text{lambda} = 1$

Bez izbora koraka :

```

x0 = 0.5;
eps = 0.0005;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0]];
While[Abs[f'[x0]] > eps,
  k++;
  x0 = x0 - f'[x0] / f''[x0];
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x0, "    f(xk)=", f[x0], "    f'(xk)=", f'[x0]];
]

```

```

k=0  xk= 0.5   f(xk)=3.125   f'(xk)=-3.25
k=1  xk= 1.58333   f(xk)=2.636   f'(xk)=3.52083
k=2  xk= 1.21272   f(xk)=1.93265   f'(xk)=0.412064
k=3  xk= 1.15609   f(xk)=1.92081   f'(xk)=0.00962118
k=4  xk= 1.1547   f(xk)=1.9208   f'(xk)=5.77156 × 10^-6

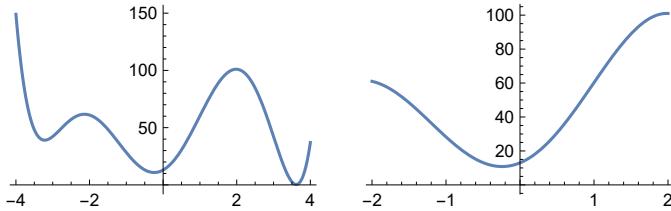
```

## Primjer 2.

```

q[x_] := x^3 / 2 - 6 x + 2; u0 = 3; v0 = 4;
f[x_] := (x - u0)^2 + (q[x] - v0)^2
slq = Plot[f[x], {x, -4, 4}];
slf = Plot[f[x], {x, -2, 2}];
GraphicsGrid[{{slq, slf}}]

```



```

x0 = .5;
eps = 0.005;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, " xk= ", x0, " f(xk)=",
      f[x0], " f'(xk)=", f'[x0], " f''(xk)=", f''[x0]];
While[Abs[f'[x0]] > eps,
  k++;
  s = -f'[x0] / f''[x0];
  lam = 1;
  While[f[x0 + lam*s] - f[x0] ≥ tau * lam * f'[x0] * s, lam = lam * nu];
  x0 = x0 + lam*s;
  Print["k=", k, " xk= ", x0, " f(xk)=", f[x0],
        " f'(xk)=", f'[x0], " f''(xk)=", f''[x0], " lambda=", lam];
]
k=0  xk= 0.5   f(xk)=30.6289   f'(xk)=50.5469   f''(xk)=50.4688
k=1  xk= -0.501548   f(xk)=13.1561
      f'(xk)=-17.6435   f''(xk)=62.3815   lambda=1
k=2  xk= -0.218716   f(xk)=10.8403   f'(xk)=1.77837   f''(xk)=73.1975   lambda=1
k=3  xk= -0.243011   f(xk)=10.8186
      f'(xk)=0.00599434   f''(xk)=72.6904   lambda=1
k=4  xk= -0.243094   f(xk)=10.8186
      f'(xk)=7.67311 × 10^-8   f''(xk)=72.6885   lambda=1

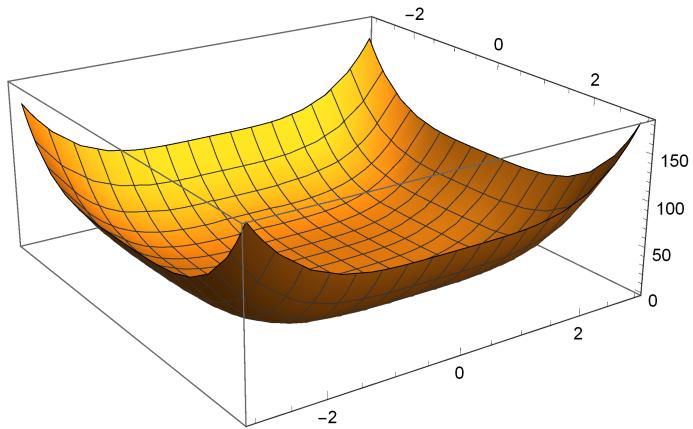
FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 0}]
{10.8186, {x → -0.243094}}

```

## Newtonova metoda s izborom duljine koraka (n=2)

Primjer I.

```
F[x_, y_] := Exp[x] + x^4 + y^4;
Plot3D[F[x, y], {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, PlotRange → All]
```



```
gradF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}]
hessianF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}, 2}]
```

$$\{e^x + 4x^3, 4y^3\}$$

$$\{\{e^x + 12x^2, 0\}, \{0, 12y^2\}\}$$

(\*pokušati s razlicitim izborima pocetnih aproksimacija\*)

```

x0 = 0.5; y0 = -0.5;
eps = 0.05;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    lambda=", lam]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}];
lam = 1;
Print[F[x0 + lam*s[[1]], y0 + lam*s[[2]]] - F[x0, y0],
" ? ", tau*lam*((gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}).s)];
While[F[x0 + lam*s[[1]], y0 + lam*s[[2]]] - F[x0, y0] ≥
tau*lam*((gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}).s), lam = lam*nu;
Print[F[x0 + lam*s[[1]], y0 + lam*s[[2]]] - F[x0, y0],
" ? ", tau*lam*((gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}).s)];];
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + lam*s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s, "    lambda=", lam];
]

k=0    ak= {0.5, -0.5}    F(ak)=1.77372    grad(F)(ak)={2.14872, -0.5}
hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 4.64872 & 0 \\ 0 & 3. \end{pmatrix}$$
    ||grad(F)(ak)||=2.20613    lambda=1
-0.722868 ? -0.269128

k=1    ak= {0.0377823, -0.333333}    F(ak)=1.05085
grad(F)(ak)={1.03872, -0.148148}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.05564 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.33333 \end{pmatrix}$$

||grad(F)(ak)||=1.04923    s(k-1)= {-0.462218, 0.166667}    lambda=1
0.141336 ? -0.259635
-0.367386 ? -0.129817

k=2    ak= {-0.454206, -0.277778}    F(ak)=0.683467    grad(F)(ak)=
{0.260135, -0.0857339}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3.11059 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.925926 \end{pmatrix}$$

||grad(F)(ak)||=0.273898    s(k-1)= {-0.983977, 0.111111}    lambda=0.5
-0.0146041 ? -0.00742326

k=3    ak= {-0.537835, -0.185185}    F(ak)=0.668862    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.0382991, -0.0254026}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 4.05521 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.411523 \end{pmatrix}$$

||grad(F)(ak)||=0.0459577    s(k-1)= {-0.0836287, 0.0925926}    lambda=1
NMinimize[F[x, y], {x, y}]
{0.667504, {x → -0.528252, y → -2.09783 × 10-8}}

```

Bez izbora koraka :

```

x0 = 0.5; y0 = -0.5;
eps = 0.05;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s, "    lambda=", lam]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}];
lam = 1;
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s, "    lambda=", lam];
]
k=0    ak= {0.5, -0.5}    F(ak)=1.77372    grad(F)(ak)=
{2.14872, -0.5}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 4.64872 & 0 \\ 0 & 3. \end{pmatrix}$$
    ||grad(F)(ak)||=
2.20613    s(k-1)= {-0.0836287, 0.0925926}    lambda=1
k=1    ak= {0.0377823, -0.333333}    F(ak)=1.05085
grad(F)(ak)={1.03872, -0.148148}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.05564 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.33333 \end{pmatrix}$$

||grad(F)(ak)||=1.04923    s(k-1)= {-0.462218, 0.166667}    lambda=1
k=2    ak= {-0.946195, -0.222222}    F(ak)=1.19219    grad(F)(ak)=
{-3.00024, -0.0438957}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 11.1316 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.592593 \end{pmatrix}$$

||grad(F)(ak)||=3.00056    s(k-1)= {-0.983977, 0.111111}    lambda=1
k=3    ak= {-0.676671, -0.148148}    F(ak)=0.718446    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.73104, -0.0130061}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 6.00291 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.263374 \end{pmatrix}$$

||grad(F)(ak)||=0.731156    s(k-1)= {0.269524, 0.0740741}    lambda=1
k=4    ak= {-0.55489, -0.0987654}    F(ak)=0.669035    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.109274, -0.00385367}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 4.26897 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.117055 \end{pmatrix}$$

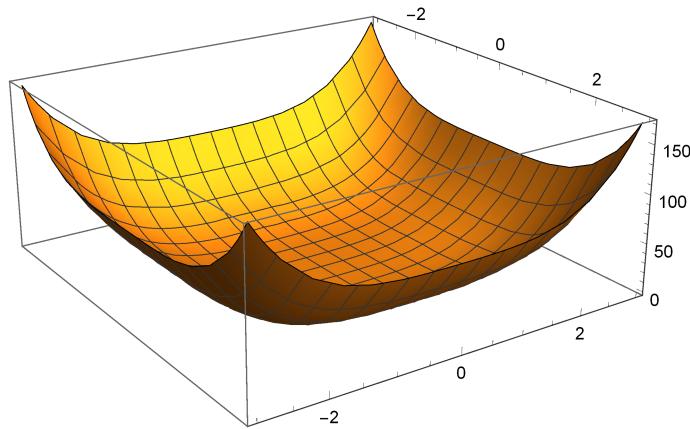
||grad(F)(ak)||=0.109342    s(k-1)= {0.121781, 0.0493827}    lambda=1
k=5    ak= {-0.529293, -0.0658436}    F(ak)=0.667525    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.0041061, -0.00114183}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3.95083 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.0520246 \end{pmatrix}$$

||grad(F)(ak)||=0.00426191    s(k-1)= {0.0255973, 0.0329218}    lambda=1

```

## Primjer 2.

```
F[x_, y_] := x^4 + y^4 + y^2;
Plot3D[F[x, y], {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, PlotRange -> All]
```



```
gradF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}]
hessianF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}, 2}]
```

$$\{4x^3, 2y + 4y^3\}$$

$$\{\{12x^2, 0\}, \{0, 2 + 12y^2\}\}$$

(\*pokusati s razlicitim izborima pocetnih aproksimacija\*)

```
x0 = 0.5; y0 = -0.5;
eps = 0.05;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s, "    lambda=", lam]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}, -gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}];
lam = 1;
While[F[x0 + lam*s[[1]], y0 + lam*s[[2]]] - F[x0, y0] ≥
tau * lam * ((gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}).s), lam = lam*nu];
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + lam*s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s, "    lambda=", lam];
]
```

```

k=0    ak= {0.5, -0.5}    F(ak)=0.375    grad(F)(ak)={0.5, -1.5}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 3. & 0 \\ 0 & 5. \end{pmatrix}$ 
||grad(F)(ak)||=1.58114    s(k-1)= {0.0255973, 0.0329218}    lambda=1

k=1    ak= {0.333333, -0.2}    F(ak)=0.0539457
grad(F)(ak)={0.148148, -0.432}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 1.33333 & 0 \\ 0 & 2.48 \end{pmatrix}$ 
||grad(F)(ak)||=0.456697    s(k-1)= {-0.166667, 0.3}    lambda=1

k=2    ak= {0.222222, -0.0258065}    F(ak)=0.00310507    grad(F)(ak)=
{0.0438957, -0.0516816}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 0.592593 & 0 \\ 0 & 2.00799 \end{pmatrix}$ 
||grad(F)(ak)||=0.0678073    s(k-1)= {-0.111111, 0.174194}    lambda=1

k=3    ak= {0.148148, -0.000068472}    F(ak)=0.000481714
grad(F)(ak)={0.0130061, -0.000136944}    hess(F)(ak)= $\begin{pmatrix} 0.263374 & 0 \\ 0 & 2. \end{pmatrix}$ 
||grad(F)(ak)||=0.0130069    s(k-1)= {-0.0740741, 0.025738}    lambda=1

NMinimize[F[x, y], {x, y}]
{1.07058 × 10-31, {x → -1.80886 × 10-8, y → 0.}}

x0 = 1/2; y0 = -1/2;
eps = 0.05;
k = 0;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s, "    lambda=", lam]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}];
lam = 1;
While[F[x0 + lam * s[[1]], y0 + lam * s[[2]]] - F[x0, y0] ≥
tau * lam * ((gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}).s), lam = lam * nu];
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + lam * s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    ||grad(F)(ak)||=",
Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    s(k-1)= ", s, "    lambda=", lam];
]

```

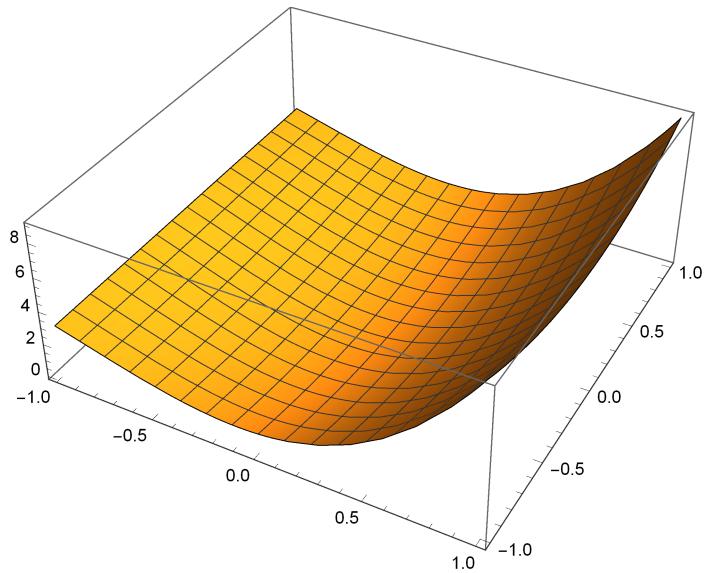
$$\begin{aligned}
 k=0 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{3}{8} \quad \text{grad}(F)(ak) = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \\
 ||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| &= \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} \quad s(k-1) = \{-0.0740741, 0.025738\} \quad \lambda = 1 \\
 k=1 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{5} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{2731}{50625} \quad \text{grad}(F)(ak) = \left\{ \frac{4}{27}, -\frac{54}{125} \right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak) = \\
 &\begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{62}{25} \end{pmatrix} \quad ||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| = \frac{2\sqrt{593941}}{3375} \quad s(k-1) = \left\{ -\frac{1}{6}, \frac{3}{10} \right\} \quad \lambda = 1 \\
 k=2 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{2}{9}, -\frac{4}{155} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{11758938016}{3787013300625} \quad \text{grad}(F)(ak) = \\
 &\left\{ \frac{32}{729}, -\frac{192456}{3723875} \right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{16}{27} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{48242}{24025} \end{pmatrix} \quad ||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| = \\
 &\frac{8\sqrt{529441685477809}}{2714704875} \quad s(k-1) = \left\{ -\frac{1}{9}, \frac{27}{155} \right\} \quad \lambda = 1 \\
 k=3 \quad ak &= \left\{ \frac{4}{27}, -\frac{256}{3738755} \right\} \quad F(ak) = \frac{50020982707501965554783047936}{103839618526106572437596679650625} \\
 \text{grad}(F)(ak) &= \left\{ \frac{256}{19683}, -\frac{7156884009521664}{52261397703350718875} \right\} \quad \text{hess}(F)(ak) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{64}{243} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{27956578686482}{13978288950025} \end{pmatrix} \\
 ||\text{grad}(F)(ak)|| &= \frac{256\sqrt{2731556486241092457897874405920907373629}}{1028661090995052199616625} \\
 s(k-1) &= \left\{ -\frac{2}{27}, \frac{96228}{3738755} \right\} \quad \lambda = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

### Primjer 3.

```

F[x_, y_] := 2 x^3 + x y^2 + 5 x^2 + y^2;
Plot3D[F[x, y], {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}]

```



```

gradF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}]
hessianF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}, 2]
{10 x + 6 x2 + y2, 2 y + 2 x y}
{{10 + 12 x, 2 y}, {2 y, 2 + 2 x} }

x0 = 1.; y0 = 1;
eps = 0.0005;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=",
  F[x0, y0], "    grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0},
  "    hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}]]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}] > eps,
  k++;
  s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}];
  lam = 1;
  While[F[x0 + lam * s[[1]], y0 + lam * s[[2]]] - F[x0, y0] ≥
    tau * lam * ((gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}).s), lam = lam * nu];
  {x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + lam * s;
  Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
    "    grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x → x0, y → y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
    MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x → x0, y → y0}], "    lambda=", lam];
]

k=0    ak= {1., 1}    F(ak)=9.    grad(F)(ak)={-17., -4.}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 22. & 2 \\ 2 & 4. \end{pmatrix}$$

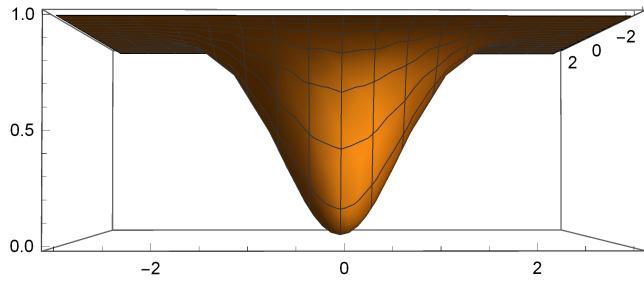
k=1    ak= {0.285714, 0.357143}    F(ak)=0.618805    grad(F)(ak)=
{-3.47449, -0.918367}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 13.4286 & 0.714286 \\ 0.714286 & 2.57143 \end{pmatrix}$$
    lambda=1
k=2    ak= {0.0423772, 0.0675936}    F(ak)=0.0138939    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.439116, -0.140916}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 10.5085 & 0.135187 \\ 0.135187 & 2.08475 \end{pmatrix}$$
    lambda=1
k=3    ak= {0.00142597, 0.00265551}    F(ak)=0.0000172346    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.014279, -0.0053186}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 10.0171 & 0.00531102 \\ 0.00531102 & 2.00285 \end{pmatrix}$$
    lambda=1
k=4    ak= {1.91992 × 10-6, 3.77621 × 10-6}    F(ak)=
3.26903 × 10-11    grad(F)(ak)={-0.0000191993, -7.55243 × 10-6}
hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 10. & 7.55241 \times 10^{-6} \\ 7.55241 \times 10^{-6} & 2. \end{pmatrix}$$
    lambda=1

NMinimize[F[x, y], {x, y}]
{1.21132 × 10-44, {x → 3.69234 × 10-23, y → 7.27774 × 10-23}}

```

## Primjer 4.

```
F[x_, y_] := -Exp[-(x)^2 - (y)^2] + 1
Plot3D[F[x, y], {x, -3, 3}, {y, -3, 3}, PlotRange -> All]
```



```
gradF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}}]
hessianF = D[F[x, y], {{x, y}, 2}]
```

$$\{2 e^{-x^2-y^2} x, 2 e^{-x^2-y^2} y\}$$

$$\{\{2 e^{-x^2-y^2}-4 e^{-x^2-y^2} x^2, -4 e^{-x^2-y^2} x y\}, \{-4 e^{-x^2-y^2} x y, 2 e^{-x^2-y^2}-4 e^{-x^2-y^2} y^2\}\}$$

(\*pokušati s razlicitim izborima pocetnih aproksimacija\*)

```
x0 = 0.3; y0 = 0.3;
eps = 0.0005;
tau = 0.25; nu = 0.5; lam = 1;
k = 0;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=",
F[x0, y0], "    grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0},
"    hess(F)(ak)=", MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}]]
While[Norm[gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}] > eps,
k++;
s = LinearSolve[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}, -gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}];
lam = 1;
While[F[x0 + lam*s[[1]], y0 + lam*s[[2]]] - F[x0, y0] ≥
tau * lam * ((gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}).s), lam = lam*nu];
{x0, y0} = {x0, y0} + lam*s;
Print["k=", k, "    ak= ", {x0, y0}, "    F(ak)=", F[x0, y0],
"    grad(F)(ak)=", -gradF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}, "    hess(F)(ak)=",
MatrixForm[hessianF /. {x -> x0, y -> y0}], "    lambda=", lam];
]
```

```

k=0    ak= {0.3, 0.3}    F(ak)=0.16473    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.501162, -0.501162}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.36984 & -0.300697 \\ -0.300697 & 1.36984 \end{pmatrix}$$

k=1    ak= {0.065625, 0.065625}    F(ak)=0.00857629    grad(F)(ak)=
{-0.130124, -0.130124}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.96577 & -0.0170788 \\ -0.0170788 & 1.96577 \end{pmatrix}$$
    lambda=0.5
k=2    ak= {-0.00115031, -0.00115031}    F(ak)=2.64642×10-6    grad(F)(ak)=
{0.00230061, 0.00230061}    hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1.99999 & -5.29283\times10^{-6} \\ -5.29283\times10^{-6} & 1.99999 \end{pmatrix}$$
    lambda=1
k=3    ak= {6.08844×10-9, 6.08844×10-9}    F(ak)=
1.11022×10-16    grad(F)(ak)={-1.21769×10-8, -1.21769×10-8}
hess(F)(ak)=
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2. & -1.48276\times10^{-16} \\ -1.48276\times10^{-16} & 2. \end{pmatrix}$$
    lambda=1
NMinimize[F[x, y], {x, y}]
{0., {x → -8.27181×10-25, y → 0.}}

```

---

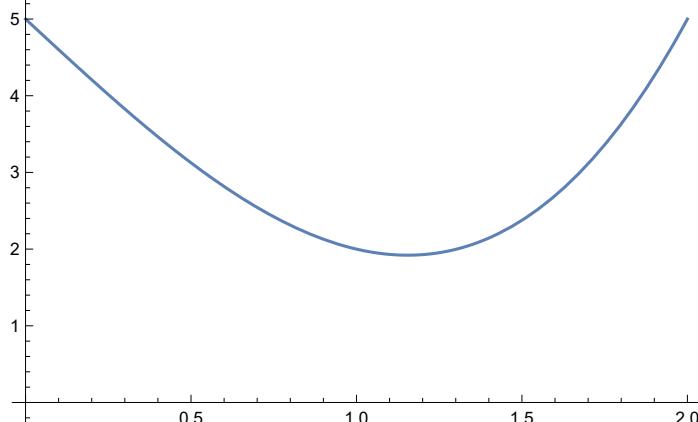
## Kvadratne interpolacijske metode

### Primjer I.

```

f[x_] := x^3 - 4 x + 5
s1f = Plot[f[x], {x, 0, 2}, AxesOrigin → {0, 0}]

```



## Metoda dvije točke - Metoda I

```

x0 = 0; x1 = 2;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
  x2 = x0 - (x1 - x0) * f'[x0] / (f'[x1] - f'[x0]);
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
  If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
  x0 = x1;
  x1 = x2;
  k++;
]
k=0    xk= 0    f[xk]= 5    f'[x2]=-4
k=1    xk= 2    f[xk]= 5    f'[x2]= 8
k=2    xk= 2/3    f[xk]= 71/27    f'[x2]=-8/3
k=3    xk= 1    f[xk]= 2    f'[x2]=-1
k=4    xk= 6/5    f[xk]= 241/125    f'[x2]= 8/25
k=5    xk= 38/33    f[xk]= 69029/35937    f'[x2]=-8/363
k=6    xk= 112/97    f[xk]= 1753061/912673    f'[x2]=-4/9409

FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 1}]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x] // N
{1.9208, {x → 1.1547}}
{{x → -2/√3}, {x → 2/√3}}
{{x → -1.1547}, {x → 1.1547}}

```

Ilustracija :

```

x0 = 0.; x1 = 2.;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
slpar = {};
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
{al, be, ga} = {alfa, beta, gama} /.
  Solve[alfa * x0^2 + beta * x0 + gama == f[x0] && 2 * alfa * x0 + beta == f'[x0] &&
  2 * alfa * x1 + beta == f'[x1], {alfa, beta, gama}][[1]];
x2 = x0 - (x1 - x0) * f'[x0] / (f'[x1] - f'[x0]);
AppendTo[slpar, Show[{Plot[al * x^2 + be * x + ga, {x, 0, 2},
  PlotStyle -> Red, PlotRange -> {0, 7}, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}], slf,
  ListPlot[{{x0, f[x0]}, {x1, f[x1]}}, PlotStyle ->PointSize[0.03]], ListPlot[
  {{x2, al * x2^2 + be * x2 + ga}}, PlotStyle ->{Purple, PointSize[0.04]}]}]];
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
x0 = x1;
x1 = x2;
k++;
]
slpar

```

k=0 xk= 0. f[xk]= 5. f'[x2]=-4.

k=1 xk= 2. f[xk]= 5. f'[x2]= 8.

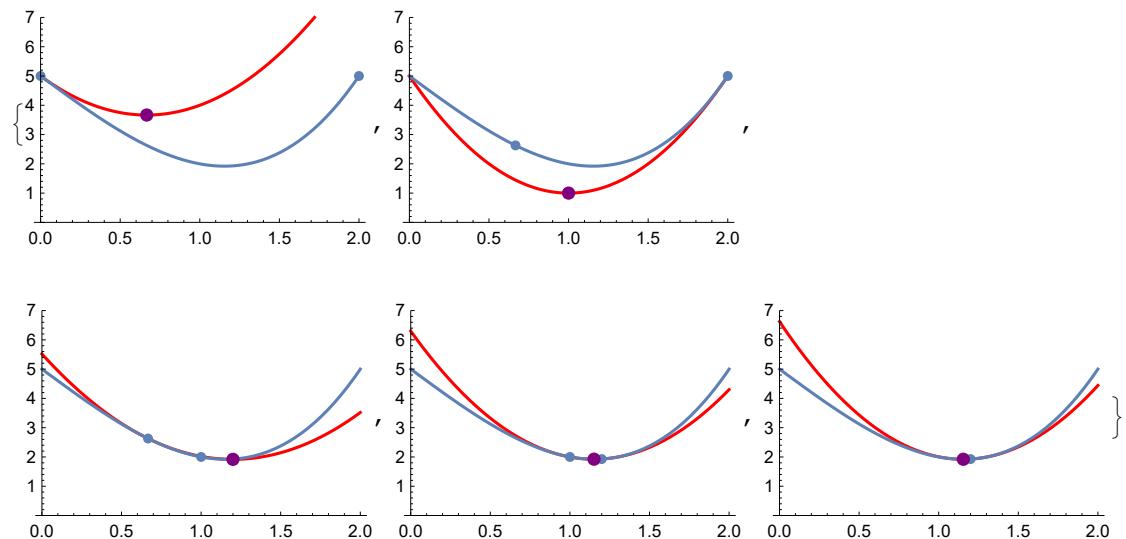
k=2 xk= 0.666667 f[xk]= 2.62963 f'[x2]=-2.66667

k=3 xk= 1. f[xk]= 2. f'[x2]=-1.

k=4 xk= 1.2 f[xk]= 1.928 f'[x2]= 0.32

k=5 xk= 1.15152 f[xk]= 1.92083 f'[x2]=-0.0220386

k=6 xk= 1.15464 f[xk]= 1.9208 f'[x2]=-0.000425125



## Metoda dvije točke - Metoda II

```

x0 = 0; x1 = 2;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
  x2 = x0 - 1/2 * ((x0 - x1) * f'[x0]) / (f'[x0] - (f[x1] - f[x0]) / (x1 - x0));
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
  If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
  x0 = x1;
  x1 = x2;
  k++;
]
k=0    xk= 0    f[xk]= 5    f'[x2]=-4
k=1    xk= 2    f[xk]= 5    f'[x2]= 8
k=2    xk= 1    f[xk]= 2    f'[x2]=-1
k=3    xk= 6/5    f[xk]= 241/125    f'[x2]= 8/25
k=4    xk= 37/32    f[xk]= 62 941/32 768    f'[x2]= 11/1024
k=5    xk= 3286/2845    f[xk]= 44 231 198 681/23 027 501 125    f'[x2]= 17 288/8 094 025
FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 1}]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x]
Solve[f'[x] == 0, x] // N
{1.9208, {x → 1.1547}}
{{x → -2/Sqrt[3]}, {x → 2/Sqrt[3]}}
{{x → -1.1547}, {x → 1.1547}}

```

Ilustracija :

```

x0 = 0.; x1 = 2.;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
slpar = {};
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
{al, be, ga} = {alfa, beta, gama} /.
  Solve[alfa*x0^2 + beta*x0 + gama == f[x0] && alfa*x1^2 + beta*x1 + gama ==
    f[x1] && 2*alfa*x0 + beta == f'[x0], {alfa, beta, gama}][[1]];
x2 = x0 - 1/2 * ((x0 - x1)*f'[x0]) / (f'[x0] - (f[x1] - f[x0]) / (x1 - x0));
AppendTo[slpar, Show[{Plot[al*x^2 + be*x + ga, {x, 0, 2},
  PlotStyle -> Red, PlotRange -> {0, 7}, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}], slf,
  ListPlot[{{x0, f[x0]}, {x1, f[x1]}}, PlotStyle -> PointSize[0.03]], ListPlot[
  {{x2, al*x2^2 + be*x2 + ga}}, PlotStyle -> {Purple, PointSize[0.04]}]}]];
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
x0 = x1;
x1 = x2;
k++;
]
slpar

```

k=0 xk= 0. f[xk]= 5. f'[x2]=-4.

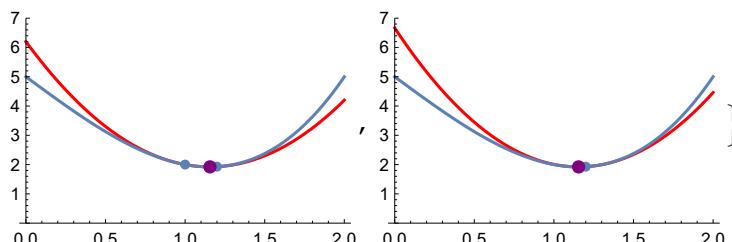
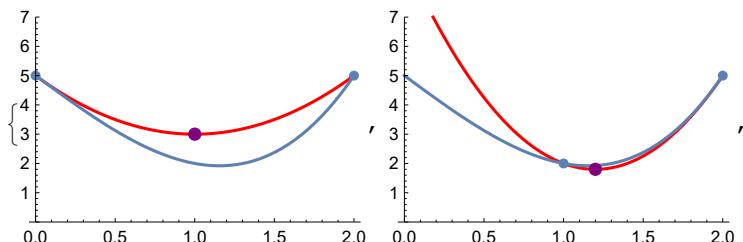
k=1 xk= 2. f[xk]= 5. f'[x2]= 8.

k=2 xk= 1. f[xk]= 2. f'[x2]=-1.

k=3 xk= 1.2 f[xk]= 1.928 f'[x2]= 0.32

k=4 xk= 1.15625 f[xk]= 1.92081 f'[x2]= 0.0107422

k=5 xk= 1.15501 f[xk]= 1.9208 f'[x2]= 0.0021359

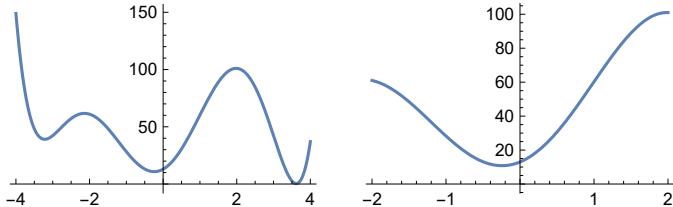


## Primjer 2.

```

q[x_] := x^3 / 2 - 6 x + 2; u0 = 3; v0 = 4;
f[x_] := (x - u0)^2 + (q[x] - v0)^2
slq = Plot[f[x], {x, -4, 4}];
slf = Plot[f[x], {x, -2, 2}];
GraphicsGrid[{{slq, slf}}]

```



## Metoda dvije točke - Metoda I

```

x0 = .5; x1 = 1.;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
  x2 = x0 - (x1 - x0) * f'[x0] / (f'[x1] - f'[x0]);
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
  If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
  x0 = x1;
  x1 = x2;
  k++;
]

k=0    xk= 0.5    f[xk]= 30.6289    f'[x2]= 50.5469
k=1    xk= 1.    f[xk]= 60.25    f'[x2]= 63.5
k=2    xk= -1.45115    f[xk]= 46.6342    f'[x2]= -38.3318
k=3    xk= -0.528479    f[xk]= 13.6537    f'[x2]= -19.3027
k=4    xk= 0.40745    f[xk]= 26.1772    f'[x2]= 45.5486
k=5    xk= -0.249905    f[xk]= 10.8203    f'[x2]= -0.494542
k=6    xk= -0.242844    f[xk]= 10.8186    f'[x2]= 0.0181477
k=7    xk= -0.243094    f[xk]= 10.8186    f'[x2]= -0.0000194703

FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 1}]
{10.8186, {x → -0.243094}}

```

Ilustracija :

```

x0 = .5; x1 = 1.;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
slpar = {};
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
{al, be, ga} = {alfa, beta, gama} /.
  Solve[alfa * x^2 + beta * x0 + gama == f[x0] && 2 * alfa * x0 + beta == f'[x0] &&
  2 * alfa * x1 + beta == f'[x1], {alfa, beta, gama}][[1]];
x2 = x0 - (x1 - x0) * f'[x0] / (f'[x1] - f'[x0]);
AppendTo[slpar, Show[{Plot[al * x^2 + be * x + ga, {x, -2, 2},
  PlotStyle -> Red, PlotRange -> All, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}], slf,
  ListPlot[{{x0, f[x0]}, {x1, f[x1]}}, PlotStyle -> PointSize[0.03]], ListPlot[
  {{x2, al * x2^2 + be * x2 + ga}}, PlotStyle -> {Purple, PointSize[0.04]}]}]];
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
x0 = x1;
x1 = x2;
k++;
]
slpar

```

k=0 xk= 0.5 f[xk]= 30.6289 f'[x2]= 50.5469

k=1 xk= 1. f[xk]= 60.25 f'[x2]= 63.5

k=2 xk= -1.45115 f[xk]= 46.6342 f'[x2]= -38.3318

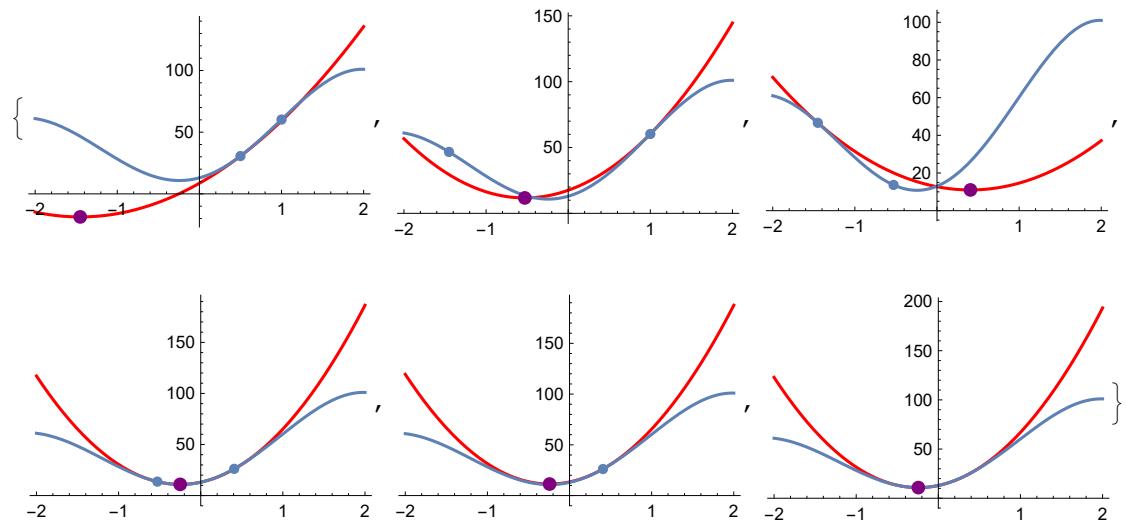
k=3 xk= -0.528479 f[xk]= 13.6537 f'[x2]= -19.3027

k=4 xk= 0.40745 f[xk]= 26.1772 f'[x2]= 45.5486

k=5 xk= -0.249905 f[xk]= 10.8203 f'[x2]= -0.494542

k=6 xk= -0.242844 f[xk]= 10.8186 f'[x2]= 0.0181477

k=7 xk= -0.243094 f[xk]= 10.8186 f'[x2]= -0.0000194703



## Metoda dvije točke - Metoda II

```

x0 = .5; x1 = 1.;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
  x2 = x0 - 1 / 2 * ((x0 - x1) * f'[x0]) / (f'[x0] - (f[x1] - f[x0]) / (x1 - x0));
  Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
  If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
  x0 = x1;
  x1 = x2;
  k++;
]
k=0    xk= 0.5    f[xk]= 30.6289    f'[x2]= 50.5469
k=1    xk= 1.    f[xk]= 60.25    f'[x2]= 63.5
k=2    xk= -0.953279    f[xk]= 26.4297    f'[x2]= -38.3851
k=3    xk= -0.342776    f[xk]= 11.1755    f'[x2]= -7.11089
k=4    xk= -0.0787891    f[xk]= 11.8122    f'[x2]= 12.1441
k=5    xk= -0.244215    f[xk]= 10.8187    f'[x2]= -0.0814707
k=6    xk= -0.242434    f[xk]= 10.8187    f'[x2]= 0.0479535
k=7    xk= -0.243094    f[xk]= 10.8186    f'[x2]= -8.33644 × 10-7

FindMinimum[f[x], {x, 1}]
{10.8186, {x → -0.243094}}

```

Ilustracija :

```

x0 = .5; x1 = 1.;
eps = 0.005;
k = 2;
slpar = {};
Print["k=", 0, "    xk= ", x0, "    f[xk]= ", f[x0], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x0]]
Print["k=", 1, "    xk= ", x1, "    f[xk]= ", f[x1], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x1]]
While[True,
{al, be, ga} = {alfa, beta, gama} /.
  Solve[alfa * x^2 + beta * x0 + gama == f[x0] && alfa * x1^2 + beta * x1 + gama ==
    f[x1] && 2 * alfa * x0 + beta == f'[x0], {alfa, beta, gama}][[1]];
x2 = x0 - 1/2 * ((x0 - x1) * f'[x0]) / (f'[x0] - (f[x1] - f[x0]) / (x1 - x0));
AppendTo[slpar, Show[{Plot[al * x^2 + be * x + ga, {x, -2, 2},
  PlotStyle -> Red, PlotRange -> All, AxesOrigin -> {0, 0}], slf,
  ListPlot[{{x0, f[x0]}, {x1, f[x1]}}, PlotStyle -> PointSize[0.03]], ListPlot[
  {{x2, al * x2^2 + be * x2 + ga}}, PlotStyle -> {Purple, PointSize[0.04]}]}]];
Print["k=", k, "    xk= ", x2, "    f[xk]= ", f[x2], "    f'[x2]= ", f'[x2]];
If[Abs[f'[x2]] < eps, Break[]];
x0 = x1;
x1 = x2;
k++;
]
slpar

```

k=0 xk= 0.5 f[xk]= 30.6289 f'[x2]= 50.5469

k=1 xk= 1. f[xk]= 60.25 f'[x2]= 63.5

k=2 xk= -0.953279 f[xk]= 26.4297 f'[x2]= -38.3851

k=3 xk= -0.342776 f[xk]= 11.1755 f'[x2]= -7.11089

k=4 xk= -0.0787891 f[xk]= 11.8122 f'[x2]= 12.1441

k=5 xk= -0.244215 f[xk]= 10.8187 f'[x2]= -0.0814707

k=6 xk= -0.242434 f[xk]= 10.8187 f'[x2]= 0.0479535

k=7 xk= -0.243094 f[xk]= 10.8186 f'[x2]= -8.33644 × 10<sup>-7</sup>

